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## Families of Measurable Conic Sections in the Projective Space $P^4$

GIOIA FAILLA - GIOVANNI MOLICA BISCI

**Sunto.** – *In questo lavoro si dimostra la misurabilità della famiglia delle sezioni coniche nello spazio proiettivo  $P^4$ , ottenute intersecando un cono quadratico non degenero con una varietà lineare di dimensione due non contenente il vertice del cono.*

**Summary.** – *In this note we prove the measurability of the family of non-degenerate conic sections in the projective space  $P^4$ , obtained by cutting a non-degenerate quadratic cone by a linear variety of dimension two not containing the cone vertex.*

### 1. – Introduction.

Recently M. Stoka in [5] showed that the family of non degenerate conic sections in  $P^n$ , obtained by cutting a non-degenerate quadratic cone with an hyperplane not containing the cone vertex, is measurable<sup>(1)</sup>, and gave the invariant integral function (up to a constant factor)

$$\phi = \frac{1}{\left(\sum_{h=1}^n A_h x_h + 1\right)^{n+1} |\Delta|^{(n+1)/2}},$$

where  $\Delta$  is the determinant of the cone directrix in the hyperplane of equation  $X_n = 0$ ,  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  the non homogeneous projective coordinates of the vertex cone and  $\sum_{h=1}^n A_h X_h + 1 = 0$  is the equation of the hyperplane in the coordinates  $X_1, \dots, X_n$ . Other results for low dimensions are investigated in previous papers, [2] for  $n = 2$  and [3] for  $n = 3$ .

We consider a linear variety  $V_2$  of dimension two in the projective space  $P^4$  of non homogeneous projective coordinates  $X_1, \dots, X_4$ , not containing the cone

<sup>(1)</sup> For the notion of measurability of a family of varieties and for all the notions of integral geometry used in this paper, see [4].

vertex

$$(1) \quad X_t = \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t X_s + \gamma_t,$$

for  $t = 1, 2$ , where the coefficients  $\beta_s^t$  and  $\gamma_t$  are the essential parameters for  $\mathbf{V}_2$ . We show that the family of non-degenerate conic sections, obtained by cutting a non degenerate quadratic cone with  $\mathbf{V}_2$ , is measurable.

The result is attained by the Deltheil's system associated to the family of section varieties we deduce the existence of the unique (not trivial) integral invariant function  $\Phi$ .

## 2. – The theorem.

Let  $\mathbf{P}^4$  be the projective space of dimension four with non homogeneous projective coordinates  $X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$ .

Let us consider a quadratic non degenerate cone in  $\mathbf{P}^4$ . We denote by  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  the non homogeneous projective coordinates of the cone vertex and by

$$\sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ii} X_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i<j}^{1,3} a_{ij} X_i X_j + 2 \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4} X_i + 1 = 0,$$

the equation of the cone directrix in the hyperplane  $X_4 = 0$ . Then the cone equation is

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ii} \left( x_i - x_4 \frac{X_i - x_i}{X_4 - x_4} \right)^2 + 2 \sum_{i<j}^{1,3} a_{ij} \left( x_i - x_4 \frac{X_i - x_i}{X_4 - x_4} \right) \left( x_j - x_4 \frac{X_j - x_j}{X_4 - x_4} \right) + \\ & + 2 \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4} \left( x_i - x_4 \frac{X_i - x_i}{X_4 - x_4} \right) + 1 = 0, \end{aligned}$$

that is

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ii} X_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i<j}^{1,3} a_{ij} X_i X_j - \frac{2}{x_4} \sum_{i=1}^3 \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{ij} x_j + a_{i4} \right) X_i X_4 + \\ & + \frac{1}{x_4^2} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ii} x_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i<j}^{1,3} a_{ij} x_i x_j + 2 \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4} x_i + 1 \right) X_4^2 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 a_{i4} X_i + \\ & - \frac{2}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4} x_i + 1 \right) X_4 + 1 = 0, \quad (x_4 \neq 0), \end{aligned}$$

with the conditions  $\Delta = \det \| a_{hk} \| \neq 0$ , where  $h, k = 1, \dots, 4, a_{hk} = a_{kh}$  and  $a_{44} = 1$ .

We consider a linear variety of dimension two, not containing the cone vertex, given by the following equations:

$$(2) \quad X_t = \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t X_s + \gamma_t,$$

with

$$(3) \quad x_t - \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t x_s - \gamma_t \neq 0,$$

where  $t = 1, 2$ .

From now on, we call  $V_2$  the previous variety.

**THEOREM.** – *The family of non degenerate conic sections, obtained by cutting a non degenerate quadratic cone by the linear variety  $V_2$ , is measurable in the projective space  $P^4$ .*

**PROOF.** – The family of non degenerate conic sections in the projective space  $P^4$  is defined by  $\Gamma$  and (2) together with conditions  $\Delta \neq 0$  and (3). So this family is characterized by the following parameters:  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, \beta_3^1, \beta_4^1, \beta_3^2, \beta_4^2, \gamma_1, \gamma_2$  and the coefficients  $a_{ij}$  with  $i \leq j, i, j = 1, \dots, 4$ . We denote this family by  $\mathcal{F}_{19}$ .

The maximum invariance group of the family is the projective group  $G_{24}$ , given by:

$$(4) \quad X_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^4 a_{ij} X'_j + a_i}{\sum_{j=1}^4 a_{5j} X'_j + 1}, \quad (i = 1, 2, 3, 4),$$

with

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & a_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & a_3 \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & a_4 \\ a_{51} & a_{52} & a_{53} & a_{54} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \neq 0.$$

Under the action of the group  $G_{24}$ , the family defined by  $\Gamma$  and (2) in transformed into:

$$\Gamma' : \sum_{i=1}^3 a'_{ii} X_i'^2 + 2 \sum_{i < j}^{1,3} a'_{ij} X_i' X_j' - \frac{2}{x'_4} \sum_{i=1}^3 \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a'_{ij} x'_j + a'_{i4} \right) X_i' X'_4 +$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{1}{x'_4{}^2} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a'_{ii} x'^2_i + 2 \sum_{i<j}^{1,3} a'_{ij} x'_i x'_j + 2 \sum_{i=1}^3 a'_{i4} x'_i + 1 \right) X'^2_4 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^3 a'_{i4} X'_i + \\
 & - \frac{2}{x'_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4} x'_i + 1 \right) X'_4 + 1 = 0, \quad (x'_4 \neq 0),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(5) \quad X'_t = \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta'^t_s X'_s + \gamma'_t,$$

where

$$x_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^4 a_{ij} x'_j + a_i}{\sum_{j=1}^4 a_{5j} x'_j + 1}, \quad (i = 1, \dots, 4),$$

$$(6) \quad \beta'^t_l = \frac{(\sum_{s=3}^4 \beta^t_s + \gamma_t) a_{5l} - a_{tl}}{a_{tt} - (\sum_{s=3}^4 \beta^t_s + \gamma_t) a_{5t}},$$

$$(7) \quad \gamma'_l = \frac{(\sum_{s=3}^4 \beta^t_s + \gamma_t) - a_t}{a_{tt} - (\sum_{s=3}^4 \beta^t_s + \gamma_t) a_{5t}},$$

$t = 1, 2$  and  $l = 3, 4$ .

The group  $H_{24}$ , associated to the group  $G_{24}$  with respect to the family of conic sections in  $P^4$ , has equations (5), (6), (7). Moreover, we need relations that can be found in the paper [5] ((6), (7), (8)), for  $n = 4$ . The identity  $I$  of  $G_{24}$  and consequently of  $H_{24}$ , is given by

$$I : a_{11} = \dots = a_{44} = 1, \quad a_{12} = \dots = a_{34} = a_1 = \dots = a_4 = 0.$$

Moreover the coefficients of the infinitesimal transformations of the group  $H_{24}$  are:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta^i_{hk} &= \left( \frac{\partial x'_i}{\partial a_{hk}} \right)_I & \zeta^i_{5k} &= \left( \frac{\partial x'_i}{\partial a_{5k}} \right)_I & \zeta^i_h &= \left( \frac{\partial x'_i}{\partial a_h} \right)_I \\
 \rho^{tl}_{hk} &= \left( \frac{\partial \beta'^t_l}{\partial a_{hk}} \right)_I & \rho^{tl}_{5k} &= \left( \frac{\partial \beta'^t_l}{\partial a_{5k}} \right)_I & \rho^{tl}_h &= \left( \frac{\partial \beta'^t_l}{\partial a_h} \right)_I \\
 \eta^t_{hk} &= \left( \frac{\partial \gamma'_t}{\partial a_{hk}} \right)_I & \eta^t_{5k} &= \left( \frac{\partial \gamma'_t}{\partial a_{5k}} \right)_I & \eta^t_h &= \left( \frac{\partial \gamma'_t}{\partial a_h} \right)_I
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\zeta_{hk}^{uu} = \left( \frac{\partial a'_{uu}}{\partial a_{hk}} \right)_I \quad \zeta_{5h}^{uu} = \left( \frac{\partial a'_{uu}}{\partial a_{5h}} \right)_I \quad \zeta_h^{uu} = \left( \frac{\partial a'_{uu}}{\partial a_h} \right)_I$$

$$\zeta_{hk}^{uv} = \left( \frac{\partial a'_{uv}}{\partial a_{hk}} \right)_I \quad \zeta_{5h}^{uv} = \left( \frac{\partial a'_{uv}}{\partial a_{5,h}} \right)_I \quad \zeta_h^{uv} = \left( \frac{\partial a'_{uv}}{\partial a_h} \right)_I$$

$$h, k = 1, 2, 3, 4; \quad u = 1, 2, 3; \quad v = 1, 2, 3, 4; \quad u < v.$$

Finally, by using the results contained in [5], for  $n = 4$  we obtain:

$$\zeta_{hk}^i = -\delta_{ih}x_k, \quad \zeta_{5k}^i = x_i x_k, \quad \zeta_h^i = -\delta_{ih},$$

$$\rho_{hk}^{tl} = -\delta_{th}\delta_{lk}, \quad \rho_{5k}^{tl} = \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right) \delta_{lk}, \quad \rho_h^{tl} = 0,$$

$$\eta_{hk}^t = \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right) (-\delta_{th}\delta_{tk}), \quad \eta_{5k}^t = \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right)^2 \delta_{tk},$$

$$\eta_h^t = -\delta_{th},$$

and the non identically zero  $\zeta$  functions:

$$\zeta_{vu}^{uu} = 2a_{uv}, \quad \zeta_{uv}^{vv} = a_{uv}, \quad \zeta_{vv}^{vv} = a_{vv},$$

$$\zeta_{wv}^{vv} = a_{vv}, \quad \zeta_{vu}^{u4} = a_{v4}, \quad \zeta_{4v}^{vv} = -\frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{vj}x_j + a_{v4} \right),$$

$$\zeta_{4u}^{u4} = -\frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right), \quad \zeta_{4v}^{vv} = -\frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{vj}x_j + a_{v4} \right),$$

$$\zeta_{4u}^{uu} = -\frac{2}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ui}x_i + a_{u4} \right),$$

$$\zeta_{uv}^{vv} = a_{uv}, \quad \zeta_{uu}^{vv} = a_{uv},$$

$$\zeta_{5u}^{uu} = 2a_{u4}, \quad \zeta_{5,w}^{vv} = a_{v4}, \quad \zeta_{5u}^{u4} = 1,$$

$$\zeta_{5v}^{vv} = a_{v4}, \quad \zeta_v^{uu} = -2a_{uu}a_{v4}, \quad \zeta_4^{uu} = \frac{2a_{uu}}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

$$\zeta_u^{vw} = -2a_{vw}a_{u4}, \quad \zeta_4^{vw} = \frac{2a_{vw}}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

$$\zeta_v^{u4} = a_{uv} - 2a_{u4}a_{v4}, \quad \zeta_4^{u4} = -\frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ui}x_i + a_{u4} \right) + \frac{2a_{u4}}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

where  $u, v, w = 1, 2, 3$  and  $v < w$ .

Now we can write the Deltheil's system for the integral invariant function  $\phi \neq 0$  of the group  $H_{24}$ . Since the system consists of 24 equations,  $\phi$  is a differentiable map in the variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, \beta_3^1, \beta_4^1, \beta_3^2, \beta_4^2, \gamma_1, \gamma_2$  and coefficients  $a_{ij}$  with  $i \leq j, i, j = 1, \dots, 4$ . We consider the following sets of equations, denote by  $G_1, G_2, G_3$

$G_1$  (given by the 16 equations):

$$-x_1 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_1} - \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1 \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \gamma_1} + a_{11} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{11}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{1j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{1j}} = -3\phi,$$

$$-x_2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_1} + a_{12} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{22}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{1j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{2j}} = 0,$$

$$-x_3 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \beta_3^1} + a_{13} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{33}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{1j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{3j}} = 0,$$

$$-x_4 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \beta_4^1} = 0,$$

$$-x_1 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_2} + a_{12} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{11}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{2j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{1j}} = 0,$$

$$-x_2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_2} - \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_2 \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \gamma_2} + a_{22} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{22}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{2j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{2j}} = -3\phi,$$

$$-x_3 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \beta_3^2} + a_{23} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{33}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{2j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{3j}} = 0,$$

$$-x_4 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \beta_4^2} = 0,$$



$$-x_1 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_3} + a_{13} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{11}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{3j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{1j}} = 0,$$

$$-x_2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_3} + a_{23} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{22}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{2j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{3j}} = 0,$$

$$-x_3 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_3} + a_{33} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{33}} + \sum_{j=1}^4 a_{3j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{3j}} = -4\phi,$$

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_3} = 0,$$

$$-x_1 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_4} - \frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} x_j + 1 \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{14}} - \frac{1}{x_4} \sum_{h=1}^3 \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{hj} x_j + a_{h4} \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{1h}} = 5 \frac{x_1}{x_4} \phi,$$

$$-x_2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_4} - \frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} x_j + 1 \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{24}} - \frac{1}{x_4} \sum_{h=1}^3 \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{hj} x_j + a_{h4} \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{2h}} = 5 \frac{x_2}{x_4} \phi,$$

$$-x_3 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_4} - \frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} x_j + 1 \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{34}} - \frac{1}{x_4} \sum_{h=1}^3 \left( \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{hj} x_j + a_{h4} \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{3h}} = 5 \frac{x_3}{x_4} \phi,$$

$$-x_4 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_4} = \phi.$$

G<sub>2</sub> (given by four equations):

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 x_i x_1 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_i} + \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1 \right)^2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \gamma_1} + a_{14} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{11}} + \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{1j}} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{14}} = -(5x_1 + 1)\phi,$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 x_i x_2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_i} + \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_2 \right)^2 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \gamma_2} + a_{24} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{22}} + \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{2j}} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{24}} = -(5x_2 + 1)\phi,$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 x_i x_3 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_i} + \sum_{t=1}^2 \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \beta_3^t} + a_{34} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{33}} + \sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{3j}} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a_{34}} = -(5x_3 + 1)\phi,$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 x_i x_4 \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_i} + \sum_{t=1}^2 \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \beta_4^t} = -(5x_4 + 1)\phi,$$

$G_3$  (given by the four equations):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial\gamma_1} - \sum_{u=1}^3 (2a_{uu}a_{14}) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uu}} - \sum_{u<v} 2a_{uv}a_{14} \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uv}} + \\
 & + \sum_{u=1}^3 (a_{u1} - 2a_{u4}a_{14}) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{u4}} - 20a_{14}\phi = 0, \\
 & -\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial\gamma_2} - \sum_{u=1}^3 (2a_{uu}a_{24}) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uu}} - \sum_{u<v} 2a_{uv}a_{24} \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uv}} + \\
 & + \sum_{u=1}^3 (a_{u2} - 2a_{u4}a_{24}) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{u4}} - 20a_{24}\phi = 0, \\
 & -\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x_3} - \sum_{u=1}^3 (2a_{uu}a_{34}) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uu}} - \sum_{u<v} 2a_{uv}a_{34} \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uv}} + \\
 & + \sum_{u=1}^3 (a_{u3} - 2a_{u4}a_{34}) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{u4}} - 20a_{34}\phi = 0,
 \end{aligned}$$

and in conclusion

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x_4} + \sum_{u=1}^3 \frac{2a_{uu}}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uu}} + \sum_{u<v} \frac{2a_{uv}}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{uv}} + \\
 & + \sum_{u=1}^3 \left( \frac{2a_{u4}}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{ui}x_i + a_{u4} \right) \right) \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial a_{u4}} + \\
 & + \left[ \frac{18}{x_4} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - \frac{3}{x_4} \right] \phi = 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

Let us denote by  $G_i(j)$  the  $i$ -th equation in the set  $G_i$ .

Now we consider the sub-system given by the equations  $G_1(12)$  and  $G_1(16)$ :

$$\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x_3} = 0, \quad -x_4 \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x_4} = \phi,$$

with  $t = 1, 2$ . We obtain

$$\phi = \frac{f}{x_4}, \quad (f \neq 0),$$

where

$$f = f(x_1, x_2, \beta_3^1, \beta_4^1, \beta_3^2, \beta_4^2, \gamma_1, \gamma_2, a_{ij})$$

and  $i \leq j$  with  $i, j = 1, \dots, 4$ . Hence the aim is to find the differentiable non-zero function  $f$  in the 17 variables  $x_1, x_2, \beta_3^1, \beta_4^1, \beta_3^2, \beta_4^2, \gamma_1, \gamma_2$  and  $a_{ij}$ , with  $i \leq j$  and  $i, j = 1, \dots, 4$ .

We put  $G_1(13)$  in  $G_2(1)$ ,  $G_1(14)$  in  $G_2(2)$ ,  $G_1(15)$  in  $G_2(3)$ ,  $G_1(16)$  in  $G_2(4)$ , we get four equations  $E_1, \dots, E_4$ :

$E_1$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 &x_1^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_1} + x_1 x_2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_2} + \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1 \right)^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1} + \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{1j} x_j + 9a_{14}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{2j} x_j + 5a_{24}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} + \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{3j} x_j + 5a_{34}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} x_j + 5}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} = -(5x_1 + 1),
 \end{aligned}$$

$E_2$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 &x_1 x_2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_1} + x_2^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_2} + \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_2 \right)^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2} + \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{1j} x_j + 5a_{14}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{2j} x_j + 9a_{24}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{3j} x_j + 5a_{34}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} x_j + 5}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} = -(5x_2 + 1),
 \end{aligned}$$

$E_3$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 &x_1 x_3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_1} + x_2 x_3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_2} + \sum_{t=1}^2 \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_3^t} + \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{1j} x_j + 5a_{14}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{2j} x_j + 5a_{24}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{3j} x_j + 9a_{34}}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + \left( \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4} x_j + 5}{4} \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = -(5x_3 + 1),
 \end{aligned}$$

$E_4$ :

$$x_1 x_4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_1} + x_2 x_4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_2} + \sum_{t=1}^2 \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^t + \gamma_t \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^t} = -(5x_4 + 1).$$

We substitute  $\phi$  in  $G_3(1)$ ,  $G_3(2)$  and we have

$$\frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1} + \sum_{u=1}^3 2a_{uu}a_{14} \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{uu}} + \sum_{u<v} 2a_{uv}a_{14} \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{uv}} +$$

$$- \sum_{u=1}^3 (a_{u1} - 2a_{u4}a_{14}) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{u4}} = -20a_{14},$$

$$\frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2} + \sum_{u=1}^3 2a_{uu}a_{24} \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{uu}} + \sum_{u<v} 2a_{uv}a_{24} \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{uv}} +$$

$$- \sum_{u=1}^3 (a_{u2} - 2a_{u4}a_{24}) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{u4}} = -20a_{24}.$$

By the previous equations, we obtain the equations

$A_1$ :

$$\left( \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1 \right)^2 - x_1^2 \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1} - x_1 x_2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2} + E_{11}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + E_{12}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} +$$

$$+ E_{13}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + E_{14}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} + E_{22}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + E_{23}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} +$$

$$+ E_{24}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} + E_{33}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + E_{34}^1 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = -[(5x_1 + 1) - 20a_{14}x_1^2 - 20a_{24}x_1x_2],$$

where

$$E_{11}^1 := -2(a_{11}a_{14}x_1^2 + a_{11}a_{24}x_1x_2), \quad E_{12}^1 := -2(x_1^2a_{12}a_{14} + a_{12}a_{24}x_1x_2),$$

$$E_{13}^1 := -2(a_{13}x_1^2a_{14} + a_{13}a_{24}x_1x_2), \quad E_{14}^1 := ((a_{11} - 2a_{14}^2)x_1^2 + (a_{12} - 2a_{14}a_{24})x_1x_2),$$

$$E_{22}^1 := -2(a_{22}a_{14}x_1^2 + a_{22}a_{24}x_1x_2), \quad E_{23}^1 := -2(a_{23}x_1^2a_{14} + a_{23}a_{24}x_1x_2),$$

$$E_{24}^1 := ((a_{21} - 2a_{24}a_{14})x_1^2 + (a_{22} - 2a_{24}^2)x_1x_2), \quad E_{33}^1 := -2(a_{33}a_{14}x_1^2 + a_{33}a_{24}x_1x_2),$$

$$E_{34}^1 := ((a_{31} - 2a_{34}a_{14})x_1^2 + (a_{32} - 2a_{34}a_{24})x_1x_2).$$

In the same way we obtain

$A_2$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -x_1x_2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1} + \left( \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_2 \right)^2 - x_2^2 \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2} + E_{11}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + E_{12}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} + \\
 & + E_{13}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + E_{14}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} + E_{22}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + E_{23}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + \\
 & + E_{24}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} + E_{33}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + E_{34}^2 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = -[(5x_2 + 1) - 20a_{14}x_1x_2 - 20a_{24}x_2^2],
 \end{aligned}$$

$$E_{11}^2 := -2(a_{11}a_{14}x_1x_2 + a_{11}a_{24}x_2^2),$$

$$E_{12}^2 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{1j}x_j + 5a_{14}}{4} - 2(a_{12}a_{14}x_1x_2 + a_{12}a_{24}x_2^2),$$

$$E_{13}^2 := -2(a_{13}a_{14}x_1x_2 + a_{13}a_{24}x_2^2),$$

$$E_{14}^2 := ((a_{11} - 2a_{14}^2)x_1x_2 + (a_{12} - 2a_{14}a_{24})x_2^2),$$

$$E_{22}^2 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{2j}x_j + 9a_{24}}{4} - 2(a_{22}a_{14}x_1x_2 + a_{22}a_{24}x_2^2),$$

$$E_{23}^2 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{3j}x_j + 5a_{34}}{4} - 2(a_{23}a_{14}x_1x_2 + a_{23}a_{24}x_2^2),$$

$$E_{24}^2 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4}x_j + 5}{4} + ((a_{21} - 2a_{24}a_{14})x_1x_2 + (a_{22} - 2a_{24}^2)x_2^2),$$

$$E_{33}^2 := -2(a_{33}a_{14}x_1x_2 + a_{33}a_{24}x_2^2),$$

$$E_{34}^2 := ((a_{31} - 2a_{34}a_{14})x_1x_2 + (a_{32} - 2a_{34}a_{24})x_2^2),$$

$A_3$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1 \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^1} + \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_2 \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^2} + \\
 & - x_1x_3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1} - x_2x_3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2} + E_{11}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + E_{12}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + E_{13}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + E_{14}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} + E_{22}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + E_{23}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + \\
& + E_{24}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} + E_{33}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + E_{34}^3 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = -[(5x_3 + 1) - 20a_{14}x_1x_3 - 20a_{24}x_2x_3],
\end{aligned}$$

with

$$E_{11}^3 := -2(a_{11}a_{14}x_1x_3 + a_{11}a_{24}x_2x_3), \quad E_{12}^3 := -2(a_{12}a_{14}x_1x_3 + a_{12}a_{24}x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{13}^3 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{1j}x_j + 5a_{14}}{4} - 2(a_{13}a_{14}x_1x_3 + a_{13}a_{24}x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{14}^3 := ((a_{11} - 2a_{14}^2)x_1x_3 + (a_{12} - 2a_{14}a_{24})x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{22}^3 := -2(a_{22}a_{14}x_1x_3 + a_{22}a_{24}x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{23}^3 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{2j}x_j + 5a_{24}}{4} - 2(a_{23}a_{14}x_1x_3 + a_{23}a_{24}x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{24}^3 := ((a_{21} - 2a_{24}a_{14})x_1x_3 + (a_{22} - 2a_{24}^2)x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{33}^3 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{3j}x_j + 9a_{34}}{4} - 2(a_{33}a_{14}x_1x_3 + a_{33}a_{24}x_2x_3),$$

$$E_{34}^3 := \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{j4}x_j + 5}{4} + ((a_{31} - 2a_{34}a_{14})x_1x_3 + (a_{32} - 2a_{34}a_{24})x_2x_3).$$

$A_4$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1 \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^1} + \left( \sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_2 \right) \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^2} - x_1x_4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1} - x_2x_4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2} + \\
& + E_{11}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + E_{12}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} + \\
& + E_{13}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + E_{14}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} + E_{22}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + E_{23}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + \\
& + E_{24}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} + E_{33}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + E_{34}^4 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = -4x_4 + 20a_{14}x_1x_4 + 20a_{24}x_2x_4,
\end{aligned}$$

where the coefficients are

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{11}^4 &:= -2(a_{11}a_{14}x_1x_4 + a_{11}a_{24}x_2x_4), & E_{12}^4 &:= -2(x_1x_4a_{12}a_{14} + a_{12}a_{24}x_2x_4), \\
 E_{13}^4 &:= -2(a_{13}x_1x_4a_{14} + a_{13}a_{24}x_2x_4), & E_{14}^4 &:= ((a_{11} - 2a_{14}^2)x_1x_4 + (a_{12} - 2a_{14}a_{24})x_2x_4), \\
 E_{22}^4 &:= -2(a_{22}a_{14}x_1x_4 + a_{22}a_{24}x_2x_4), & E_{23}^4 &:= -2(a_{23}x_1x_4a_{14} + a_{23}a_{24}x_2x_4), \\
 E_{24}^4 &:= ((a_{21} - 2a_{24}a_{14})x_1x_4 + (a_{22} - 2a_{24}^2)x_2x_4), & E_{33}^4 &:= -2(a_{33}a_{14}x_1x_4 + a_{33}a_{24}x_2x_4), \\
 E_{34}^4 &:= ((a_{31} - 2a_{34}a_{14})x_1x_4 + (a_{32} - 2a_{34}a_{24})x_2x_4),
 \end{aligned}$$

We want to give an explicit description of  $G_3(3)$  and  $G_3(4)$ . Precisely  $G_3(3)$  is

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{11}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + E_{12}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} + E_{13}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + E_{14}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} + \\
 + E_{22}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + E_{23}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + E_{24}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} + E_{33}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + E_{34}^5 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = 20a_{34},
 \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{11}^5 &:= -2a_{11}a_{34}, & E_{12}^5 &:= -2a_{12}a_{34}, & E_{13}^5 &:= -2a_{13}a_{34}, \\
 E_{14}^5 &:= (a_{13} - 2a_{14}a_{34}), & E_{22}^5 &:= -2a_{22}a_{34}, & E_{23}^5 &:= -2a_{23}a_{34}, \\
 E_{24}^5 &:= (a_{23} - 2a_{24}a_{34}), & E_{33}^5 &:= -2a_{33}a_{34}, & E_{34}^5 &:= (a_{33} - 2a_{34}^2).
 \end{aligned}$$

and  $G_3(4)$  is

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{11}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{11}} + E_{12}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{12}} + E_{13}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{13}} + E_{14}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{14}} + \\
 + E_{22}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{22}} + E_{23}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{23}} + E_{24}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{24}} + \\
 + E_{33}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{33}} + E_{34}^6 \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{34}} = - \left[ 18 \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - 2 \right],
 \end{aligned}$$

where

$$E_{11}^6 := 2a_{11} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right), \quad E_{12}^6 := 2a_{12} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right), \quad E_{13}^6 := 2a_{13} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

$$E_{14}^6 := \left[ 2a_{14} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{1i}x_i + a_{14} \right) \right], \quad E_{22}^6 := 2a_{22} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

$$E_{23}^6 := 2a_{23} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

$$E_{24}^6 := \left[ 2a_{24} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{2i}x_i + a_{24} \right) \right], \quad E_{33}^6 := 2a_{33} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right),$$

$$E_{34}^6 := \left[ 2a_{34} \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{3i}x_i + a_{34} \right) \right].$$

Hence we have a system of 17 equations  $G_1(i)$  with  $i = 1, \dots, 11$ ,  $A_1, \dots, A_4$  and  $G_3(3)$  e  $G_3(4)$  in 17 variables. We give the system in the following form

$$\mathbf{MX} = \mathbf{N},$$

where

$$\mathbf{M} := \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{D} \end{pmatrix},$$

and

$$\mathbf{A} := \begin{pmatrix} -x_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c_1 & 0 & 2a_{11} \\ -x_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -x_3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -x_4 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -x_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2a_{12} \\ 0 & -x_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c_2 & 0 \\ 0 & -x_3 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -x_4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

(where  $c_1 = -(\sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^1 + \gamma_1)$  and  $c_2 = -(\sum_{s=3}^4 \beta_s^2 + \gamma_1)$ )

$$\mathbf{B} := \begin{pmatrix} a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{11} & 0 & 0 & 2a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_{11} & 0 & 0 & a_{12} & 0 & 2a_{13} & a_{14} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{12} & 0 & 0 & 2a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_{12} & 0 & 0 & a_{22} & 0 & 2a_{23} & a_{24} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix},$$



$$C := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2a_{13} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c_1^2 - x_1^2 & -x_1x_2 & E_{11}^1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_1x_2 & c_2^2 - x_2^2 & E_{11}^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c_1 & 0 & c_2 & -x_1x_3 & -x_2x_3 & E_{11}^3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c_1 & 0 & c_2 & -x_1x_4 & -x_2x_4 & E_{11}^4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & E_{11}^5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & E_{11}^6 \end{pmatrix},$$

and

$$D := \begin{pmatrix} a_{23} & a_{33} & a_{34} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a_{13} & 0 & 0 & 2a_{23} & a_{33} & a_{34} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_{13} & 0 & 0 & a_{23} & 0 & 2a_{33} & a_{34} \\ E_{12}^1 & E_{13}^1 & E_{14}^1 & E_{22}^1 & E_{23}^1 & E_{24}^1 & E_{33}^1 & E_{34}^1 \\ E_{12}^2 & E_{13}^2 & E_{14}^2 & E_{22}^2 & E_{23}^2 & E_{24}^2 & E_{33}^2 & E_{34}^2 \\ E_{12}^3 & E_{13}^3 & E_{14}^3 & E_{22}^3 & E_{23}^3 & E_{24}^3 & E_{33}^3 & E_{34}^3 \\ E_{12}^4 & E_{13}^4 & E_{14}^4 & E_{22}^4 & E_{23}^4 & E_{24}^4 & E_{33}^4 & E_{34}^4 \\ E_{12}^5 & E_{13}^5 & E_{14}^5 & E_{22}^5 & E_{23}^5 & E_{24}^5 & E_{33}^5 & E_{34}^5 \\ E_{12}^6 & E_{13}^6 & E_{14}^6 & E_{22}^6 & E_{23}^6 & E_{24}^6 & E_{33}^6 & E_{34}^6 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Hence, taking into account that

$$X := \left( \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial x_2}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_3^1}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^1}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_3^2}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \beta_4^2}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_1}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial \gamma_2}, \frac{\partial \log f}{\partial a_{ij}} \right)^t,$$

with  $i \leq j$  and  $i, j = 1, \dots, 4$ , we have:

$$N := \begin{pmatrix} -3, 0, 0, 0, 0, -3, 0, 0, 0, 0, -4, -[(5x_1 + 1) - 20a_{14}x_1^2 - 20a_{24}x_1x_2] \\ -[(5x_2 + 1) - 20a_{14}x_1x_2 - 20a_{24}x_2^2], -[(5x_3 + 1) - 20a_{14}x_1x_3 - 20a_{24}x_2x_3], \\ -4(x_4 + 1) + 20a_{14}x_1x_4 + 20a_{24}x_2x_4, \\ 20a_{34}, -\left[ 18 \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 a_{i4}x_i + 1 \right) - 2 \right]^t \end{pmatrix}.$$

Since  $\det(M)$  is not identically zero the system has one unique non trivial solution  $\log f$ . It follows (by integration) that there exists only one non-zero

function  $\phi$  that is the solution of the Deltheil's system. This shows the measurability of the family of the non degenerate conic sections.

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